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3	1. A method of operating a filesystem, said filesystem including a live
4	filespace accessible to users and a zombie filespace not accessible to users, said method
5	including
6	recording changes to said zombie filespace in a persistent memory

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2. A method as in claim 1, including, for a deletion operation on a file in said live filespace,

transferring said file from said live filespace to said zombie filespace;

breaking links associating disk blocks with said file in a plurality of steps
while said file is associated with said zombie filespace, wherein said recording of

altering said live filespace to reflect said deletion operation.

changes includes recording said breaking of links in a plurality of steps; and

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- 3. A method as in claim 1, including, for a truncation operation on a file in said live filespace,
- transferring at least a portion of said file from said live filespace to said zombie filespace;
  - breaking links associating disk blocks with said file in a plurality of steps while a portion of said file is associated with said zombie filespace, wherein said recording of changes includes recording said breaking of links in a plurality of steps; and

İ		altering s	aid live	filespace	to reflect	changes	associated	with	said	breaking
2	of links.									

4. A method as in claim 1, including, for an operation apparent to users as substantially atomic, performing said operation in a plurality of steps using said zombie filespace, wherein said recording changes is performed in said persistent memory for each of said plurality of steps.

5. A method as in claim 1, including, for an operation performed on a file having attached data elements, performing said operation using said zombie filespace.

6. A method as in claim 1, including, for an operation performed using said zombie filespace, altering a size of said zombie filespace during performance of said operation.

7. A method as in claim 1, including, for an operation performed using said zombie filespace, checkpointing said filesystem during performance of said operation.

1	8. A method as in claim 1, including recording changes to said live
2	filespace in said persistent memory, wherein records of changes to said live filespace and
3	of changes to said zombie filespace are substantially interspersed.
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9. A method as in claim 1, including replaying a set of said changes in response to said record.

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10. A method as in claim 1, including replaying a set of said changes to said live filespace and to said zombie filespace, wherein replay of changes includes substantial interspersed performance of changes to said live filespace and to said zombie filespace.

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A method as in claim 1, including replaying a set of said changes in 11. said record in response to a crash recovery by said filesystem.

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12. A method as in claim 1, wherein said persistent memory includes a log of substantially all changes, within a selected time duration, to either said live filespace or said zombie filespace.

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A method as in claim 1, wherein said persistent memory includes a 13. 20 log of substantially all changes, within a selected time duration, to said zombie filespace. 21

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1	14. A method as in claim 1, wherein said recorded changes include a set
2	of substantially atomic operations to said zombie filespace.
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4	15. A method of operating a filesystem, said filesystem including a live
5	filespace accessible to users and a zombie filespace not accessible to users, said method
6	including
7	dynamically growing said zombie filespace.
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<u> </u>	16. A method as in claim 15, including, for a deletion or truncation op-
9 10 11 11 12	eration on a file in said live filespace,
9 911	allocating storage within said zombie filespace for metadata associated with
12	said file;
13	performing said dynamic growth in response to failure of said allocation of
13 14 15	storage;
15	re-performing said allocation of storage after said dynamic growth; and
16	transferring said file from said live filespace to said zombie filespace.
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18	17. A method as in claim 15, wherein said dynamic growth occurs, for
19	an operation performed using said zombie filespace, during performance of said opera-
20	tion.
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1	18. A method of operating a filesystem, said filesystem including a live
2	filespace accessible to users and a zombie filespace not accessible to users, said method
3	including
4	transfer of a file to said zombie filespace before breakage of links to blocks
5	in said file, in response to an operation on said file, said operation using said zombie
6	filespace.
7	
8	19. A method as in claim 18, wherein, for a deletion operation on a file
<b>1</b> 9	in said live filespace,
\[] \[]0	said transfer includes
<b>1</b>	creating a link associating said file with said zombie filespace; and
12	breaking a link associating said file with said live filespace;
	and said deletion operation includes
14	breaking links associating disk blocks with said file in a plurality of steps
15	while said file is associated with said zombie filespace, wherein said recording of
16	changes includes recording said breaking of links in a plurality of steps; and
17	altering said live filespace to reflect said deletion operation.
18	
19	20. A method as in claim 18, wherein, for a truncation operation on a
20	file in said live filespace,
21	said transfer includes

1	creating a link associating at least a portion of said file with said zombie
2	filespace; and
3	breaking a link associating said portion with said file in said live filespace;
4	and said truncation operation includes
5	breaking links associating disk blocks with said file in a plurality of steps
6	while a portion of said file is associated with said zombie filespace, wherein said record-
7	ing of changes includes recording said breaking of links in a plurality of steps; and
8	altering said live filespace to reflect changes associated with said breaking
	of links.
4 Hi	21. A method of operating a filesystem, said filesystem including a live
12	filespace accessible to users and a zombie filespace not accessible to users, said method
13	including
13 14 15	transfer of a file to said zombie filespace before performing any substantial
15	portion of an operation on said file, said operation using said zombie filespace.
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17	22. A method as in claim 21, wherein, for a deletion operation on a file
18	in said live filespace,
19	said transfer includes
20	creating a link associating said file with said zombie filespace; and
21	breaking a link associating said file with said live filespace;
22	and said deletion operation includes

1	breaking links associating disk blocks with said file in a plurality of steps
2	only while said file is associated with said zombie filespace, wherein said recording of
3	changes includes recording said breaking of links in a plurality of steps; and
4	altering said live filespace to reflect said deletion operation.
5	
6	23. A method as in claim 21, wherein, for a truncation operation on a
7	file in said live filespace,
8	said transfer includes
9	creating a link associating at least a portion of said file with said zombie
10 10	filespace; and
	breaking a link associating said portion with said file in said live filespace;
12	and said truncation operation includes
13	breaking links associating disk blocks with said file in a plurality of steps
13 14 15	only while a portion of said file is associated with said zombie filespace, wherein said re-
15	cording of changes includes recording said breaking of links in a plurality of steps; and
16	altering said live filespace to reflect changes associated with said breaking
17	of links.
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19	24. A method of operating a filesystem, said filesystem including a live
20	filespace accessible to users and a zombie filespace not accessible to users, said method
21	including
22	replay of an operation on a file, said operation using said zombie filespace.

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2	25. A method as in claim 24, wherein said replay is responsive to a set
3	of recorded changes in a persistent memory;
4	and including, for a deletion operation on a file in said live filespace,
5	transferring said file from said live filespace to said zombie filespace, and
6	recording said transfer in said persistent memory;
7	breaking links associating disk blocks with said file in a plurality of steps
8	while said file is associated with said zombie filespace, and recording said breaking of
9	links in said persistent memory in a plurality of steps; and
10	altering said live filespace to reflect said deletion operation, and recording
11	said alteration in said persistent memory.
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13	26. A method as in claim 24, wherein said replay is responsive to a set
14	of recorded changes in a persistent memory;
15	and including, for a truncation operation on a file in said live filespace,
16	transferring at least a portion of said file from said live filespace to said
17	zombie filespace, and recording said transfer in said persistent memory;
18	breaking links associating disk blocks with said file in a plurality of steps
19	while a portion of said file is associated with said zombie filespace, and recording said

altering said live filespace to reflect changes associated with said breaking

breaking of links in said persistent memory in a plurality of steps; and

of links, and recording said alteration in said persistent memory.

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2	27. A method of operating a filesystem, said filesystem including a live
3	filespace accessible to users and a zombie filespace not accessible to users, said method
4	including
5	replay of a set of filesystem operations, said operations including at least
6	some operations using said live filespace and at least some operations using said zombie
7	filespace.
8	
9	28. A method as in claim 27, wherein said replay is responsive to a set
0	of recorded changes in a persistent memory;
11	and including, for a deletion operation on a file in said live filespace,
12	transferring said file from said live filespace to said zombie filespace, and
13	recording said transfer in said persistent memory;
14	breaking links associating disk blocks with said file in a plurality of steps
15	while said file is associated with said zombie filespace, and recording said breaking of
16	links in said persistent memory in a plurality of steps; and
17	altering said live filespace to reflect said deletion operation, and recording
18	said alteration in said persistent memory.
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20	29. A method as in claim 27, wherein said replay is responsive to a set
21	of recorded changes in a persistent memory;

and including, for a truncation operation on a file in said live filespace,

- transferring at least a portion of said file from said live filespace to said
- zombie filespace, and recording said transfer in said persistent memory;
- breaking links associating disk blocks with said file in a plurality of steps
- 4 while a portion of said file is associated with said zombie filespace, and recording said
- 5 breaking of links in said persistent memory in a plurality of steps; and
- altering said live filespace to reflect changes associated with said breaking
- of links, and recording said alteration in said persistent memory.